

The Surry County Board of Education recognizes that it is important for students to maintain their physical health and receive proper nutrition in order to take advantage of educational opportunities. The board further recognizes that student wellness and proper nutrition are related to a student's physical well-being, growth, development, and readiness to learn. The board is committed to providing a school environment that promotes student wellness, proper nutrition, nutrition education, and regular physical activity as part of the total learning experience. As part of that commitment, the board directs the superintendent to oversee the development, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of this policy and other school system efforts to encourage students to be healthy and active, including compliance with the State Board of Education's Healthy Active Children Policy, HRS-E-000, as further described in Section F, below. The superintendent may designate a school system official to carry out this responsibility ("lead wellness official").

The superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of this policy to the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction each time it is revised by the board.

#### **A. SCHOOL HEALTH ADVISORY COUNCIL**

The board will maintain a school health advisory council to help plan, update, implement, promote, and monitor this policy as well as to address other health and nutrition issues within the school system. The council serves as an advisory committee regarding student health issues and works in conjunction with the lead wellness official charged with oversight of this policy and the school system's efforts to promote student and employee health and wellness in compliance with state and federal requirements. The council is authorized to examine related research and laws, assess student needs and the current school environment, review existing board policies and administrative regulations, collaborate with appropriate community agencies and organizations, and help raise awareness about student health issues. The council also may make policy recommendations to the board related to this policy and other policies concerning student wellness and in conjunction with the lead wellness official, shall periodically review and suggest revisions to this policy. In addition, the council may assist in the development of a plan for measuring and assessing implementation of this policy and in developing methods to inform and update the public about the content and implementation of this policy as described in Sections F and G, below.

The council will be composed of representatives from the school system, the local health department, and the community. The council must include members of each of the following groups: the school board, school system administrators, school system food service representatives, physical education teachers, school health professionals, students, parents or guardians, and the public. The council will provide information to the board about the following areas or concerns: safe environment, physical education, health

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education, staff wellness, health services, mental and emotional health, nutrition services, and family/community involvement.

The council shall provide periodic reports to the board and public regarding the status of its work. In addition, the council shall assist the lead wellness official in creating an annual report that includes the minutes of physical activity and the minutes of physical education and/or healthful living education received by students in the system each school year, as well as any other information required by the State Board of Education.

## **B. Nutrition Promotion and Education**

The board believes that promoting student health and nutrition enhances readiness for learning and increases student achievement. The general goals of nutrition promotion and education are (1) to provide appropriate instruction for the acquisition of behaviors that contribute to a healthy lifestyle for students and (2) to teach, encourage, and support healthy eating by students.

The board will provide nutrition education within the Healthful Living Standard Course of Study and the grade level expectations outlined in the Healthful Living Essential Standards adopted by the State Board of Education. Nutrition education should be designed to provide all students with the knowledge and skills needed to lead healthy lives. Students should learn to address nutrition-related health concerns through age-appropriate nutrition education lessons and activities.

Nutrition education and promotion should extend beyond the school environment by engaging and involving families and communities. School system personnel may coordinate with agencies and community organizations to provide opportunities for appropriate student projects related to nutrition. School system personnel are to work to disseminate and promote consistent nutrition messages throughout the school system, schools, classrooms, cafeterias, homes, community, and media.

In conjunction with the school health advisory council, the board establishes the following additional specific evidence-based goals and strategies for nutrition promotion and education. The board will periodically measure and report progress toward meeting these goals.

### **Nutrition Education and Promotion Goal Statements**

- Nutrition education that aligns with national dietary guidelines and adheres to state academic standards will be incorporated into health education classes and/or stand-alone courses for all grade levels. The nutrition curriculum will encompass:
  - promotion of adequate nutrient intake and healthy eating practices; and

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- skill development, such as meal planning, recognizing food groups within a meal, and understanding health information and food labels to evaluate the nutrient content and contribution of foods.
  - Teachers are encouraged to integrate nutrition education into core curriculum areas such as math, science, social studies, and language arts, as well as in non-core and elective subjects.
  - The nutrition education program will be encouraged to partner with school meal programs, cafeteria nutrition promotion, after-school programs, and farm-to-school programs.
  - Nutrition education will be provided to families via handouts, newsletters, website posts, presentations, and workshops. The school menu will be posted online.
  - Nutrition education will promote fruits, vegetables, whole-grain products, low-fat dairy products, healthy food preparation methods, and accurate portion sizes.
  - School nutrition program staff at each school will employ proven marketing strategies to encourage students to make healthy food choices (ex. Smarter Lunchroom Movement).
  - Nutrition and health signage will be exhibited in the cafeteria food service and dining areas.
  - School personnel will strive to provide a pleasant eating experience for students and adults by adopting the following practices:
    - Student input is solicited for meal choices.
    - Nutrient analysis is available to teachers, parents, students, and health professionals when possible.
    - Adequate time to eat is provided. The recommended eating time for each child after being served is 15 minutes for breakfast and 20 minutes for lunch. School personnel will schedule enough time, lunch periods, and serving lines so students do not have to spend excessive time waiting in line.
    - Adult supervision and role modeling is available during the meal service times to encourage students to eat meals.
    - Drinking fountains will be available for students to get water at meals and throughout the day.

- In negotiating vendor contracts, preference will be given to vendors whose marketing and advertising tools reflect the Smart Snacks nutrition standards and the school nutrition meal pattern requirements.

### C. Nutrition Standards and Guidelines for All Food and Beverages Available at School

Consistent with policy 6200, Goals of School Nutrition Services, all foods available in the system's school during the school day that are offered to students should help promote student health, reduce childhood obesity, provide a variety of nutritional meals, and promote lifelong healthy eating habits. All foods and beverages sold at school must meet the nutrition standards established in policy 6230, School Meal and Competitive Foods Standards, including the following:

#### 1. School Lunch, Breakfast, and Snack Programs

Foods provided through the National School Lunch, School Breakfast, or After School Snack Programs must comply with federal and state nutrition standards. The director of child nutrition shall ensure that school system guidelines for reimbursable meals are not less restrictive than regulations and guidelines issued for schools in accordance with federal law.

#### 2. Competitive Foods

All competitive foods sold on school campuses during the school day (defined as the period from midnight through 30 minutes after the dismissal bell rings) in competition with the National School Lunch or School Breakfast Programs ("competitive foods") must comply with the Smart Snacks standards. Competitive foods include food, snacks, and beverages from a la carte menus, vending machines, and outside suppliers, as well as foods or beverages sold in school stores and at fund-raisers. Vending machine sales also must comply with the requirements of G.S. 115C-264.2 and *Eat Smart: North Carolina's Recommended Standards for All Foods in Schools*.

#### 3. Other Foods Available on the School Campus During the School Day and After the School Day

School Health Advisory Council shall establish rules for foods and beverages brought from home for classroom events or parties during the school day or for extracurricular activities after the school day that are consistent with Smart Snacks standards.

Fundraising activities that involve the sale of foods and/or beverages to students during the school day (from midnight until 30 minutes after the dismissal bell

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rings) must comply with the Smart Snack Rules and may not be conducted until after the end of the last lunch period. See policy 6230, School Meal and Competitive Foods Standards.

All fund-raising activities that involve the sale of food or beverages to students during the school day must comply with the federal Smart Snacks standards. However, no such fund-raising activities are permitted from midnight 12:01 a.m. through 30 minutes after the dismissal bell rings. Tokens of exchange for foods or beverages to be delivered later in the day also are prohibited during this time period.

Fund-raising activities that are conducted after the school day are not required to comply with the federal Smart Snacks nutrition standards.

#### 4. Food Safety

Students shall have the opportunity to wash or sanitize their hands before meals and snacks.

All foods brought from home, to be consumed by students, must be purchased from a commercial food service entity (grocery store), which is subject to health inspections.

*Exception: A student may bring food prepared at home for his / her personal consumption.*

Student food allergies shall be clearly communicated to school personnel.

### D. PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

#### 1. Goals of the Physical Education Program

The goal of the physical education program is to promote lifelong physical activity and provide instruction in the skills and knowledge necessary for lifelong participation in physical activity. To address issues such as obesity, cardiovascular disease, and Type II diabetes, students enrolled in kindergarten through eighth grade must have the opportunity to participate in physical activity as part of the system's physical education curriculum. The goal for elementary schools is to provide 100 minutes weekly of quality physical education with a certified physical education teacher. The goal for middle schools is to provide 225 minutes weekly of Healthful Living Education, divided equally between health and physical education with certified health and physical education

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teachers. Time equally divided with instruction being taught by certified health and physical education teachers.

2. The Physical Education Course

The physical education course should be designed to foster support and guidance for being physically active, help students know and understand the value of being physically fit, and teach students the types of activities that contribute to total fitness. The course is to be taught in an environment where students can learn, practice, and receive assessment on developmentally appropriate skills and knowledge as defined in the North Carolina Healthful Living Standard Course of Study. Students should be engaged in moderate to vigorous physical activity for fifty percent or more of class time. Class for physical education should be equivalent in size to those of other academic classes.

3. Physical Activity Requirements and Goals

School personnel should strive to provide opportunities for age- and developmentally-appropriate physical activity during the day for all students so that students can learn how to maintain a physically active lifestyle. Schools must provide a minimum of 30 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity daily for kindergarten through fifth-grade students. Such activity may be achieved through a regular daily physical education class as described in Sections D.1 and D.2 above, or through recess, dance, classroom energizers and/or other curriculum-based physical activity programs of at least 10 minutes duration, that, when combined, total 30 minutes of daily physical activity. Principals shall work with teachers to ensure that students meet the minimum physical activity requirement. The board will periodically measure and report progress toward meeting these goals.

To ensure that students have ongoing opportunities for physical activity and maintain a positive attitude towards physical activity, structured/unstructured recess and other physical activity may not be taken away from students as a form of punishment. In addition, severe and inappropriate exercise may not be used as a form of punishment for students. Walking, for no more than 3-minute increments, is not considered severe or inappropriate.

In conjunction with the school health advisory council, the board establishes the following additional specific evidence-based goals and strategies for physical activity:

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**PHYSICAL ACTIVITY GOAL STATEMENTS**

- Middle and high schools will provide extra-curricular activities that enable students to select from a variety of sports and other active endeavors.
- Elementary students will be provided the opportunity to participate in daily recess.
- Classroom health education will reinforce the knowledge and skills needed to maintain a physically active lifestyle.
- Students will be encouraged to reduce sedentary time and will not be required to engage in sedentary activities for more than two hours without an opportunity to stretch and move around.
- Short (3-5 minute) physical activity breaks will be provided between subjects in elementary schools.
- Teachers will incorporate opportunities for physical activity in the classroom whenever possible.
- Schools will provide annual fitness testing for grades 3-8 students and provide confidential reports directly to parents.

**E. OTHER SCHOOL-BASED ACTIVITIES TO PROMOTE WELLNESS**

- School personnel will assist all students in developing the healthy practice of hand washing before eating.
- The curriculum will include instructional goals and activities that inform students about the effects of substance abuse, negative peer pressure, and the development of a positive, productive, and safe lifestyle.
- Each school will be encouraged to hold a health fair annually.

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In addition to the standards discussed above, the board adopts the following goals for school-based activities designed to promote wellness:

1. Schools will provide a clean and safe meal environment.
2. Students will be provided adequate time to eat meals.
3. Drinking water will be available at all meal periods and throughout the school day.
4. Professional development will be provided for school system nutrition staff.
5. To the extent possible, the school system will utilize available funding and outside programs to enhance student wellness.
6. Candy will not be used in the schools as a reward or punishment.
7. As appropriate, the goals of this wellness policy will be considered in planning all school-based activities.
8. Administrators, teachers, school nutrition personnel, students, parents or guardians, and community members will be encouraged to serve as positive role models to promote student wellness.
9. Teachers will integrate nutrition education into Core Curriculum area as well as non-Core and elective subjects.

#### **F. IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW OF POLICY**

1. Oversight and Monitoring of Implementation and Progress

The lead wellness official, in conjunction with the school health advisory council, shall oversee the implementation of this policy and monitor system schools, programs, and curricula to ensure compliance with and to assess progress under this policy, related policies, and established guidelines or administrative regulations. Each principal shall be responsible for and shall report to the lead wellness official through survey results regarding compliance and measurements of progress in his or her school. Staff members responsible for programs related to student wellness also shall report to the lead wellness official regarding the status of such programs.

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## 2. Review of Policy

The lead wellness official shall work with members of the school health advisory council to periodically review and update this policy based on an assessment of the school system's compliance with the policy, progress toward meeting the policy goals, and other relevant factors.

## 3. Annual Reporting

- a. The lead wellness official shall prepare annual written reports to the superintendent and State Board of Education that describe the school system's progress towards achieving the goals established in this policy and that provide all other information required by the superintendent and/or the State Board of Education pertaining to the school system's efforts to comply with this policy and SBE policy HRS-E-000. This information shall be provided to the public as provided in Section G, below.
- b. The superintendent or designee shall report annually to the board and public on the system's compliance with laws and policies related to student wellness, the implementation of this policy, and progress toward meeting the goals of the policy. At a minimum, the superintendent or designee shall measure and report the following:
  - 1) the extent to which the individual schools are in compliance with this policy;
  - 2) the extent to which the board's wellness policy compares to model local school wellness policies and meets state and federal requirements; and
  - 3) a description of each school's progress in attaining the goals of this policy and a summary of the school's activities undertaken in support of the policy goals.

The report may also include the following items:

- 4) an assessment of the school environment regarding student wellness issues;
- 5) an evaluation of the school nutrition services program;
- 6) a review of all foods and beverages sold in schools for compliance with established nutrition guidelines;

- 7) information provided in the report from the school health advisory council, as described in Section A, above; and
- 8) suggestions for improvement to policies or programs.

#### **G. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION**

The lead wellness official shall assist the school health advisory council to annually inform and update the public about this policy and State Board policy HRS-E-000. The information provided must include the content of the policies and the school system's efforts and progress in implementing, evaluating, and complying with the policies. All information required to be reported annually or that is otherwise reported to the board in accordance with Section F, above shall be widely disseminated to students, parents, and the community in an accessible and easily understood manner, including by posting a copy of this policy and the annual report on the school system website.

#### **H. RECORDKEEPING**

The superintendent shall maintain records to document compliance with this policy and all federal and state requirements. These records, at a minimum, must include:

1. a written copy of this policy and any updates;
2. documentation demonstrating compliance with all reportable elements of this policy and with the community involvement requirements, including requirements to make this policy and other progress reports available to the public; and
3. documentation of annual wellness policy reports for each school in the system.

Legal References: Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004, 42 U.S.C. 1751; Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, P.L. 111-296; National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751 *et seq.*; 7 C.F.R. 210.11 and 210.12a; G.S. 115C-264.2, -264.3; State Board of Education Policies HRS-E-000, TCS-S-000, TCS-S-002; *Eat Smart: North Carolina's Recommended Standards for All Foods in Schools*, N.C. Department of Health and Human Services, N.C. Division of Public Health (2004)

Cross References: Goals of Student Health Services (policy 6100), Goals of School Nutrition Services (policy 6200), School Meal and Competitive Foods Standards (policy 6230)

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